# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Issue Date 19-Jan-2012

Revision Date 5-Jun-2018

Version 2

# **1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

<u>Product Identifier</u> Product Name	Thermaflo® SH	
Other Means of Identification SDS #	CG-002	
Synonyms:	reclaimed Heat Transfer fluid,	
Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restrictions on UseRecommended UseFor industrial use. Heat transfer medium.		
Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet		
Manufacturer Address ORG Chem Group, LLC 847 Blacksnake Road Hot Springs, AR 71913	Distributor ORG Chem Group, LLC 2406 Lynch Rd. Evansville, IN 47711	
ORG Chem Group, LLC 11210 Solomon Road Troy, IN 47588		
ORG Chem Group, LLC 2410 Lynch Rd. Evansville, IN 47711		
<u>Emergency Telephone Number</u> Company Phone Number Emergency Telephone	1-800-489-2306 Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300	

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### **Classification**

Aspiration toxicity

Category 1

<u>Signal Word</u> Danger

# Hazard Statements

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways



Appearance Colorless to yellow liquid

Physical State Liquid @ 20°C/68°F;

Odor Faint odor

1.013 hPa

#### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Avoid sparks, welding and cutting on or near drums, even if empty

An improperly designed or maintained heat transfer system may permit the release of fluid, or air/moisture leakage into the system. This leakage could lower the fluid's flashpoint and/or produce light ends. System leaks that result in saturated insulation may, when heated over time, create a combustible mixture when suddenly exposed to air. Leakage of fluid from the system at operating temperature and pressure may cause fluid to disperse as an aerosol, which may result in flammable concentrations of vapor in the air. Thermal degradation or other decomposition of the fluid can occur in an improperly maintained heat transfer system, and also for other reasons, including operating the system above the fluid's recommended operating temperature and failure to maintain proper fluid velocity. Degradation or decomposition of the fluid may also create "low boiler" hydrocarbon compounds or light ends. The occurrence of any of the foregoing conditions may lead to an increased risk of explosion and/or fire

#### Precautionary Statements - Response

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Do NOT induce vomiting

#### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up

#### Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Dibenzyltoluene	26898-17-9	100

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### **First Aid Measures**

General Advice	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. When possible, have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.
Eye Contact	Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.

Inhalation	Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors. Consult a physician after significant exposure.	
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.	
Most Important Symptoms and Effects, both Acute and Delayed		
Symptoms	May cause skin and eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation.	
Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed		
Note to Physicians	Treat symptomatically.	

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, dry powder, foam, or carbon dioxide (CO2).

Large Fire See Sections 2 and 10 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media High volume water jet.

# Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Dangerous gases or fumes may occur in case of fire.

#### Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildups and possible ignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Personal Precautions	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Danger of slipping after spill or leakage. Spilling onto the container's outside will make container slippery. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.	
<b>Environmental Precautions</b>	Avoid subsoil penetration. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.	
Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up		
Methods for Containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.	
Methods for Cleaning Up	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Place collected waste in DOT approved containers for disposal. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Use mechanical handling equipment. If they get dirty, wash clothes. If equipment gets dirty, clean using a surfactant solution. Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly while observing environmental regulations. For large spills: Eliminate all ignition sources (flares, flames, pilot lights, electrical sparks).	

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Advice on Safe Handling	During use at elevated temperatures thermal decomposition leads to the formation of low-boiling and high-boiling secondary products with potentially flammable properties. When flammable liquids are concentrated and collected appropriate risk management measures must be applied. Risk management measures for flammable liquids are at least: Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Keep container away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.	
Conditions for Safe Storage, Inclue	ding any Incompatibilities	
Storage Conditions	Keep container tightly closed.	
Packaging Materials	Steel or stainless steel.	
Incompatible Materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong reducing agents.	
8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION		
Exposure Guidelines	Not determined	
Appropriate Engineering Controls		
Engineering Controls	Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.	
Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment		
Eye/Face Protection	Avoid contact with eyes. Tight sealing safety goggles.	
Skin and Body Protection	Wear rubber gloves that are chemically resistant to this product. Fluorinated rubber gloves are recommended (with breakthrough time >=480 minutes and material thickness of >= 0.4mm).	
Respiratory Protection	No protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use and with adequate ventilation. In inadequately ventilated areas, where workplace limits are exceeded, or where unpleasant odors exist or aerosols are in use, or smoke or mist occur, use self-contained breathing apparatus or NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator as appropriate.	
General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.		

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Liquid @ 20°C/68°F; 1.013 hPa		
Appearance Color	Colorless to yellow liquid Colorless to yellow	Odor Odor Threshold	Faint odor Not determined
<u>Property</u> pH Melting Point/Freezing Point	<u>Values</u> Not applicable ∼ -39°C/-38°F to -32°C/-25°F	<u>Remarks • Method</u>	
Boiling Point/Boiling Range	~ 390°C/734°F; 1.013hPa	Thermal decomposition	n
Flash Point	~ 212°C/413°F	Regulation (EC) No. 4	40/2008; Method A.9
Evaporation Rate	Not determined		

Flammability (Solid, Gas)	Not applicable (liquid)	
Upper Flammability Limits	Not determined	
Lower Flammability Limit	Not determined	
Vapor Pressure	< 0.01 hPa; 20°C/ 68°F	Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008; Method A.4
Vapor Density Specific Gravity Water Solubility	Not determined Not determined 0.1 mg/L: 20°C/68°F	Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008; Method A.6
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Solubility in Other Solvents	Not determined	
Partition Coefficient	log Pow: >6; 22°C	OECD Test Guideline 117
Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature Kinematic Viscosity	Not auto-flammable Not determined 16 mm2/s	@ 40°C
Dynamic Viscosity Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties Density	Not determined Predicted not explosive based on chemical structure Predicted not to be an oxidizer based on chemical structure 1.04 g/cm3; 20°C/68°F OECD Test Guideline 109	

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

#### Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions. No decomposition if stored normally.

#### Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization None under normal processing.

#### Conditions to Avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Direct heating, dirt, chemical contamination, sunlight, UV or ionizing radiation.

#### Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong reducing agents.

#### Hazardous Decomposition Products

During the use of this product at elevated temperatures thermal decomposition leads to the formation of low-boiling and high-boiling secondary products. See also Section 7 of this Safety Data Sheet. Thermal degradation or other decomposition of the fluid can occur in an improperly maintained heat transfer system, and also for other reasons, including operating the system above the fluid's recommended operating temperature and failure to maintain proper fluid velocity. Degradation or decomposition of the fluid may create "low boiler" hydrocarbon compounds, the presence of which may reduce the fluid's flashpoint, leading to an increased risk of fire and/or explosion.

# **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Information on Likely Routes of Exposure

Product Information	
Eye Contact	May cause acute eye irritation upon over-exposure.
Skin Contact	May cause acute skin irritation upon over-exposure.
Inhalation	Over-exposure to vapors could result in upper respiratory tract irritation.
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Component Information Not available

#### Information on Physical, Chemical and Toxicological Effects

Symptoms Please see section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

#### Delayed and Immediate Effects as well as Chronic Effects from Short and Long-term Exposure

Carcinogenicity	Carcinogenic potential is unknown.

Aspiration Hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### **Numerical Measures of Toxicity**

Not determined

### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Ecotoxicity**

May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

#### Component Information Not available

#### Persistence and Degradability

This product is biodegradable

#### **Bioaccumulation**

Substance is not expected to bioconcentrate in marine life Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 7.525; calculated (literature value)

#### Mobility

Slightly mobile in soils Adsorption/Soil; log Koc: 3.548 - 5.578; OECD Test Guideline 121

#### Other Adverse Effects

Not determined

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal of Wastes	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

# **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

<u>Note</u>	Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including exemptions and special circumstances.
DOT	Not regulated

# IATA

Not regulated

IMDG

Not regulated

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### International Inventories

TSCA	Listed
DSL	Listed
ENCS	Listed
KECL	Listed
PICCS	Listed
AICS	Listed

#### Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances IECSC
- China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
KecL Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

#### US Federal Regulations

SARA 313 Not determined

#### US State Regulations

# U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Not Determined

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Flammability

Flammability

Not determined

Not determined

#### NFPA

HMIS

Issue Date Revision Date Revision Note Health Hazards Not determined Health Hazards Not determined

> 19-Jan-2012 05-Jun-2018 Updated Product Name

Instability Not determined Physical Hazards Not determined Special Hazards Not determined Personal Protection Not determined

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**